

Internal Governance Rules Proposed Rules and Guidance

Stakeholder roundtable events 4, 11 and 13 December 2018

We said the proposed IGR would

- Enhance regulatory independence within the LSA framework
- Be principled and outcome-focused, supplemented where necessary with specific requirements
- Provide greater clarity to aid compliance
- Clarify the oversight role
- Not include a definition of regulatory independence
- Remove the Applicable Approved Regulator (AAR) definition. In particular, any Approved Regulators that have both representative and regulatory functions will be subject to the same obligations
- Require proactive reporting of non-compliance
- Not require third party assurance

We communicated in August/September that the new IGR might....

- For all ARs, include:
 - A duty of candour about compliance
 - Obligations around individual conduct
- For ARs with both regulatory and representative functions, cover familiar territory (duty to delegate, regulatory strategy, appointments, budgets, shared services although some details might change). But might also include:
 - Restrictions around 'dual roles'
 - Obligations around provision of information to enable AR oversight
 - Restrictions on how information can be used

Overarching duty

Rule 1: Overarching duty

Each AR must determine and implement arrangements which are as effective as reasonably practicable for separation of its regulatory functions and which are consistent with Section 28 of the Act.

- This rule is pre-eminent
- For questions about the separation of regulatory and representative functions this rule provides parties with the criteria for decision making
- Requires regular review of the arrangements for separation and maintenance of independence

Separation and Assurance

Rule 2: Duty to delegate.

Representative and Regulatory Functions shall be discharged by separate bodies.

- Similar provision in current IGR
- Regulatory function (ie the delegation) is performed by an approved regulator (part of its residual role)

Rule 3: Provision of assurance to AR

The AR and regulatory body shall cooperate with one another to provide and accept assurance.

- Regulatory body has to provide the AR with information to allow it to meet its residual role
- Information gained in such a way by the AR can't be used for representative functions

Regulatory Autonomy

Rule 4: Regulatory Autonomy

The regulatory body shall decide how to regulate free from influence by the AR.

- Provides clarity that regulation is the sole responsibility of the regulatory body
- Limits AR involvement unless consulted
- Does not prohibit routine contact

Rule 5: Prohibition on dual roles

No person may have a material role in both representative and regulatory functions.

- Applies to anyone with a material role that can affect regulatory decisions
- Applies to employees and Board/Council members

Conduct and responsibility

Rule 6: Individual conduct

The AR is responsible for the awareness and compliance of each individual with a role within regulation or which may affect regulation.

- New obligation
- ARs, and where appropriate the Regulatory Bodies, are responsible for those working for them
- Applies (amongst others) to Board/Council members
- Obligation to ensure that those with a material role are trained in IGR

Governance

Rule 7: Governance: Lay Composition

Regulation should be predominantly governed by lay persons.

Contained in current IGR

Rule 8: Regulatory Board appointments and terminations

The regulatory body shall independently appoint, appraise, remunerate and terminate the members of its board.

- Change from procedures under the current IGR
- Clarifies that the responsibility for appointments lies with regulatory body
- Representative bodies can only be involved with express permission of LSB

Budget and resources

Rule 9: Regulatory resources

Regulation shall have the resources it requires to be effective.

Current provision and is a requirement of section 30 of the Act

Rule 10: Regulatory body budget

It is for the regulatory body to determine and allocate the resources required for regulatory functions.

- Change from any AR-involving process under the current IGR
- AR must have no influence over setting the regulatory budget
- Clarifies the residual role of AR as LSB decides and determines the budget through PCF

Budget and resources (cont.)

Rule 11: Shared services

The AR and Regulatory Body must not share services unless specific requirements are met.

- AR and Regulatory Body must agree
- Need to show that sharing the service is necessary to be efficient and cost-effective
- Regulatory body must be in no less favourable a position under any contract than the AR

Communication and Candour with LSB

Rule 12: Communication by persons involved in regulation

There should be a direct line of communication between the regulator and key statutory bodies including the Legal Services Board.

Current provision and requirement of section 30 of the Act

Rule 13: Candour about compliance

Each AR shall be honest and open with the Legal Services Board about compliance issues.

- AR must be able to respond to requests from the LSB for information about compliance
- ARs must proactively inform the LSB of non compliance where it cannot be remedied in reasonable time
- A log of incidents of non compliance must be kept

Communication and Candour with LSB (cont.)

Rule 14: Disputes and referrals for clarification

The LSB may provide clarification to assist with compliance if an AR cannot resolve an issue.

- Explains the difference between an IGR interpretation issue and a dispute
- Obligation to have attempted to resolve the matter/issue prior to LSB referral
- If the LSB makes a decision it will be determinative

Guidance and Saving provisions

Rule 15: Guidance

This Rule requires ARs to have regard to this Guidance in seeking to comply with the IGR.

Existing provision

Rule 16: Saving provisions

No AR will breach the IGR if its action or omission is necessary to comply with its legal obligations or authorised by the LSB.

- Purpose is to recognise that in some situations other legislation may not be consistent with IGR obligations
- Enables AR to put case to LSB where there are good reasons why it cannot comply with IGR but does not guarantee acceptance

Next steps timetable

Our plans

- Consultation ends 21 January 2019
- LSB Analysis in January and February
- LSB Board consideration February and March
- Publication of IGR most likely April 2019, transition period begins
- 6 month transition period ends in September

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